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1 Introduction

This package provides a way to make beautiful block circuit diagrams using the CeTZ package.

2 Usage

Simply import circuiteria and call the `circuit` function:

```
#import "@preview/circuiteria:0.2.0"
#circuiteria.circuit({
    import circuiteria: *
    ...
})
```

2.1 Project installation

If you have installed Circuiteria directly in your project, import `src/lib.typ` and call the `circuit` function:

```
#import "src/lib.typ" as circuiteria
#circuiteria.circuit({
    import circuiteria: *
    ...
})
```

3 Reference

3.1 circuit

- `circuit()`

3.1.1 circuit

Draws a block circuit diagram

This function is also available at the package root

Parameters

```
circuit(
    body: none array element,
    length: length ratio
) -> none
```

body `none` or `array` or `element`

A code block in which draw functions have been called

length `length` or `ratio`

Optional base unit

Default: `2em`

3.2 util

- [lpad\(\)](#)
- [opposite-anchor\(\)](#)
- [rotate-anchor\(\)](#)

Variables:

- [colors](#)

3.2.1 lpad

Pads a string on the left with 0s to the given length

```
#util.lpad("0100", 8)
```

```
00000100
```

Parameters

```
lpad(  
    string: str,  
    len: int  
) -> str
```

string `str`

The string to pad

len `int`

The target length

3.2.2 opposite-anchor

Returns the anchor on the opposite side of the given one

```
#util.opposite-anchor("west")
```

```
east
```

Parameters

```
opposite-anchor(anchor: str) -> str
```

anchor `str`

The input anchor

3.2.3 rotate-anchor

Returns the anchor rotated 90 degrees clockwise relative to the given one

```
#util.rotate-anchor("west")
```

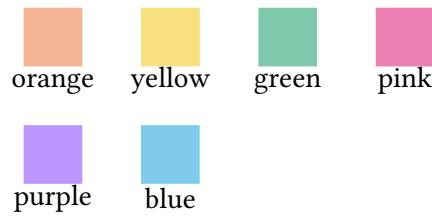
```
north
```

Parameters`rotate-anchor(anchor: str) -> str`**anchor** `str`

The anchor to rotate

3.2.4 colors 

Predefined color palette



3.3 wire

- `intersection()`
- `stub()`
- `wire()`

Variables:

- `wire-styles`

3.3.1 intersection

Draws a wire intersection at the given anchor

	<pre>wire.wire("w1", ((0, 0), (1, 1)), style: "zigzag") wire.wire("w2", ((0, 0), (1, -.5)), style: "zigzag", zigzag-ratio: 80%) wire.intersection("w1.zig")</pre>
---	---

Parameters

```
intersection(
  pt: point,
  radius: number,
  fill: color
)
```

pt point

A CeTZ compatible point / anchor

radius number

The radius of the intersection

Default: `.1`

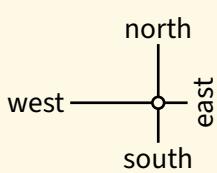
fill color

The fill color

Default: `black`

3.3.2 stub

Draws a wire stub (useful for unlinked ports)

	<pre>draw.circle((0, 0), radius: .1, name: "p") wire.stub("p", "north", name: "north", length: 1) wire.stub("p", "east", name: "east", vertical: true) wire.stub("p", "south", name: "south", length: 15pt) wire.stub("p", "west", name: "west", length: 3em)</pre>
---	---

Parameters

```
stub(
    port-id: str,
    side: str,
    name: none or str,
    vertical: bool,
    length: number,
    name-offset: number
)
```

port-id str

The port anchor

side str

The side on which the port is (one of “north”, “east”, “south”, “west”)

name none or str

Optional name displayed at the end of the stub

Default: none

vertical bool

Whether the name should be displayed vertically

Default: false

length number

The length of the stub

Default: 1em

name-offset number

The name offset, perpendicular to the stub

Default: 0

3.3.3 wire

Draws a wire between two points

Parameters

```
wire(
    id: str,
    pts: array,
    bus: bool,
    name: none str array,
    name-pos: str,
    slice: none array,
    color: color,
    dashed: bool,
    style: str,
    reverse: bool,
    directed: bool,
    rotate-name: bool,
    zigzag-ratio: ratio,
    zigzag-dir: str,
    dodge-y: number,
    dodge-sides: array,
    dodge-margins: array
)
```

id str

The wire's id, for future reference (anchors)

pts array

The two points (as CeTZ compatible coordinates, i.e. XY, relative positions, ids, etc.)

bus bool

Whether the wire is a bus (multiple bits) or a simple signal (single bit)

Default: false

name none or str or array

Optional name of the wire. If it is an array, the first name will be put at the start of the wire, and the second at the end

Default: none

name-pos str

Position of the name. One of: "middle", "start" or "end"

Default: "middle"

slice `none` or `array`

Optional bits slice (start and end bit indices). If set, it will be displayed at the start of the wire

Default: `none`

color `color`

The stroke color

Default: `black`

dashed `bool`

Whether the stroke is dashed or not

Default: `false`

style `str`

The wire's style (see [wire-styles](#) for possible values)

Default: `"direct"`

reverse `bool`

If true, the start and end points will be swapped (useful in cases where the start point depends on the end point, for example with perpendiculars)

Default: `false`

directed `bool`

If true, the wire will be directed, meaning an arrow will be drawn at the endpoint

Default: `false`

rotate-name `bool`

If true, the name will be rotated according to the wire's slope

Default: `true`

zigzag-ratio `ratio`

Position of the zigzag vertical relative to the horizontal span (only with style "zigzag")

Default: `50%`

zigzag-dir str

The zigzag's direction. As either “vertical” or “horizontal” (only with dstyle “zigzag”)

Default: “vertical”

dodge-y number

Y position to dodge the wire to (only with style “dodge”)

Default: 0

dodge-sides array

The start and end sides (going out of the connected element) of the wire (only with style “dodge”)

Default: (“east”, “west”)

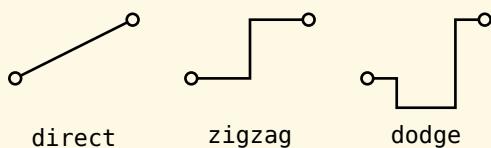
dodge-margins array

The start and end margins (i.e. space before dodging) of the wire (only with style “dodge”)

Default: (5%, 5%)

3.3.4 wire-styles

List of valid wire styles



```
for i in range(3):
    draw.circle((i * 3, 0), radius: .1, name: "p" + str(i * 2))
    draw.circle((i * 3 + 2, 1), radius: .1, name: "p" + str(i * 2 + 1))
    draw.content((i * 3 + 1, -1), raw(wire.wire-styles.at(i)))
}
wire.wire("w1", ("p0", "p1"), style: "direct")
wire.wire("w2", ("p2", "p3"), style: "zigzag")
wire.wire("w3", ("p4", "p5"), style: "dodge",
          dodge-y: -0.5, dodge-margins: (0.5, 0.5))
```

3.4 element

- `elmt()`
- `alu()`
- `block()`
- `extender()`
- `multiplexer()`
- `group()`

3.4.1 elmt

Draws an element

Parameters

```
elmt(
  draw-shape: function,
  x: number | dictionary,
  y: number | dictionary,
  w: number,
  h: number,
  name: none | str,
  name-anchor: str,
  ports: dictionary,
  ports-margins: dictionary,
  fill: none | color,
  stroke: stroke,
  id: str,
  auto-ports: bool,
  ports-y: dictionary,
  debug: dictionary
)
```

`draw-shape` `function`

Draw function

Default: `default-draw-shape`

`x` `number` or `dictionary`

The x position (bottom-left corner).

If it is a dictionary, it should be in the format (`rel: number, to: str`), where `rel` is the offset and `to` the base anchor

Default: `none`

`y` `number` or `dictionary`

The y position (bottom-left corner).

If it is a dictionary, it should be in the format (`from: str, to: str`), where `from` is the base anchor and `to` is the id of the port to align with the anchor

Default: `none`

w number

Width of the element

Default: `none`

h number

Height of the element

Default: `none`

name `none` or `str`

Optional name of the block

Default: `none`

name-anchor `str`

Anchor for the optional name

Default: `"center"`

ports dictionary

Dictionary of ports. The keys are cardinal directions (“north”, “east”, “south” and/or “west”). The values are arrays of ports (dictionaries) with the following fields:

- `id (str)`: (Required) Port id
- `name (str)`: Optional name displayed **in** the block
- `clock (bool)`: Whether it is a clock port (triangle symbol)
- `vertical (bool)`: Whether the name should be drawn vertically

Default: `(:)`

ports-margins dictionary

Dictionary of ports margins (used with automatic port placement). They keys are cardinal directions (“north”, “east”, “south”, “west”). The values are tuples of (`<start>`, `<end>`) margins (numbers)

Default: `(:)`

fill `none` or `color`

Fill color

Default: `none`

stroke **stroke**

Border stroke

Default: `black + 1pt`**id** **str**

The block id (for future reference)

Default: `" "`**auto-ports** **bool**Whether to use auto port placements or not. If false, `draw-shape` is responsible for adding the appropriate portsDefault: `true`**ports-y** **dictionary**Dictionary of the ports y offsets (used with `auto-ports: false`)Default: `(:)`**debug** **dictionary**

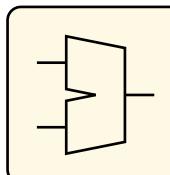
Dictionary of debug options.

Supported fields include:

- `ports`: if true, shows dots on all ports of the element

Default: `(` `ports: false``)`**3.4.2 alu**

Draws an ALU with two inputs



```
element.alu(x: 0, y: 0, w: 1, h: 2, id: "alu")
wire.stub("alu-port-in1", "west")
wire.stub("alu-port-in2", "west")
wire.stub("alu-port-out", "east")
```

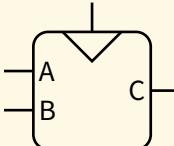
For parameters description, see [elmt\(\)](#)

Parameters

```
alu(
  x,
  y,
  w,
  h,
  name,
  name-anchor,
  fill,
  stroke,
  id,
  debug
)
```

3.4.3 block

Draws a block element

	<pre>element.block(x: 0, y: 0, w: 2, h: 2, id: "block", ports: (north: ((id: "clk", clock: true),), west: ((id: "in1", name: "A"), (id: "in2", name: "B")), east: ((id: "out", name: "C"),)) wire.stub("block-port-clk", "north") wire.stub("block-port-in1", "west") wire.stub("block-port-in2", "west") wire.stub("block-port-out", "east")</pre>
---	--

For parameters description, see [elmt\(\)](#)

Parameters

```
block(
  x,
  y,
  w,
  h,
  name,
  name-anchor,
  ports,
  ports-margins,
  fill,
  stroke,
  id,
  debug
)
```

3.4.4 extender

Draws a bit extender

	<pre>element.extender(x: 0, y: 0, w: 3, h: 1, id: "extender") wire.stub("extender-port-in", "west") wire.stub("extender-port-out", "east")</pre>
---	--

For other parameters description, see [elmt\(\)](#)

Parameters

```
extender(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    name,
    name-anchor,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    h-ratio: ratio,
    align-out: bool,
    debug
)
```

h-ratio `ratio`

The height ratio of the left side relative to the full height

Default: `75%`

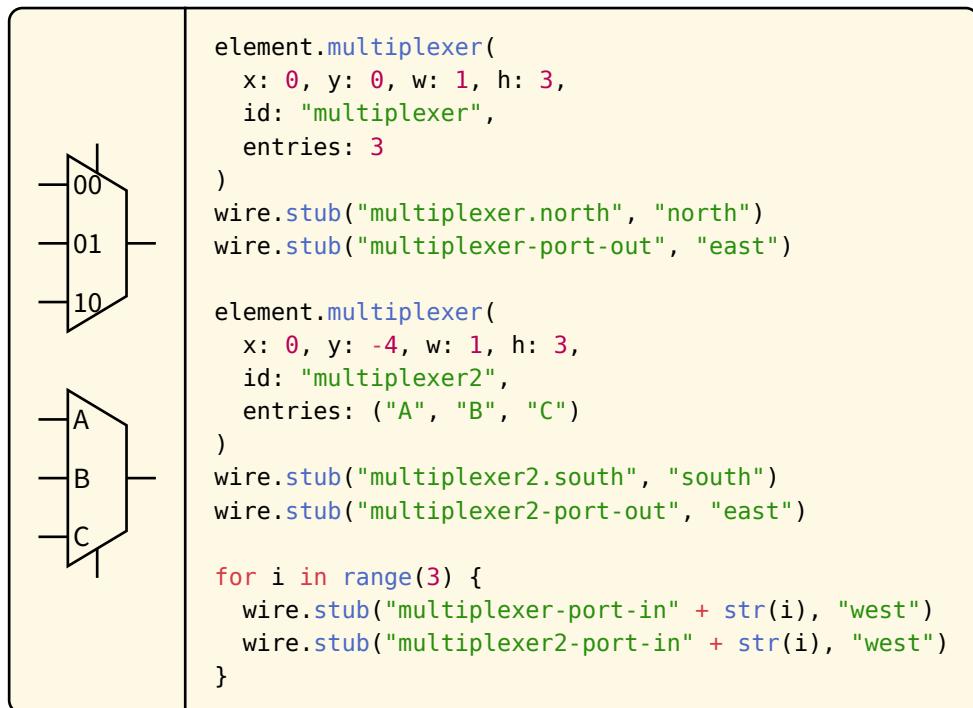
align-out `bool`

If true, the output and input ports are aligned, otherwise, the output port is centered on the right side

Default: `true`

3.4.5 multiplexer

Draws a multiplexer



For other parameters description, see [elmt\(\)](#)

Parameters

```

multiplexer(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    name,
    name-anchor,
    entries: int or array,
    h-ratio: ratio,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    debug
)

```

entries int or array

If it is an integer, it defines the number of input ports (automatically named with their binary index). If it is an array of strings, it defines the name of each input.

Default: 2

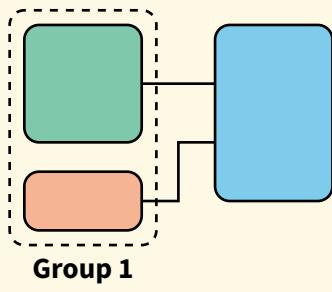
h-ratio ratio

The height ratio of the right side relative to the full height

Default: 60%

3.4.6 group

Draws a group of elements



```
element.group(
  id: "g1", name: "Group 1", stroke: (dash: "dashed"),
{
  element.block(id: "b1", w: 2, h: 2,
    x: 0, y: 1.5,
    ports: (east: ((id: "out"))),
    fill: util.colors.green
  )
  element.block(id: "b2", w: 2, h: 1,
    x: 0, y: 0,
    ports: (east: ((id: "out"))),
    fill: util.colors.orange
  )
}
element.block(id: "b3", w: 2, h: 3,
  x: (rel: 1, to: "g1.east"),
  y: (from: "b1-port-out", to: "in1"),
  ports: (west: ((id: "in1"), (id: "in2"))),
  fill: util.colors.blue
)
wire.wire("w1", ("b1-port-out", "b3-port-in1"))
wire.wire("w2", ("b2-port-out", "b3-port-in2"),
  style: "zigzag")
```

Parameters

```
group(
  body: elements | function,
  id: str,
  name: str,
  name-anchor: str,
  fill: color,
  stroke: stroke,
  padding: float | length | array | dictionary,
  radius: number
)
```

body elements or function

Elements to group

id str

see [elmt\(\)](#)

Default: ""

name str

The group's name

Default: none

name-anchor str

The anchor for the name.

Note: the name will be placed on the **outside** of the group

Default: "south"

fill color

see [elmt\(\)](#)

Default: none

stroke stroke

see [elmt\(\)](#)

Default: black + 1pt

padding float or length or array or dictionary

The inside padding:

- float / length: same for all sides
- array: either (<all>,), (<vertical>, <horizontal>) or (<top>, <right>, <bottom>, <left>)
- dictionary: valid keys are “top”, “right”, “bottom” and “left”

Default: 0.5em

radius number

The corner radius

Default: 0.5em

3.5 gates

- `gate()`
- `gate-and()`
- `gate-nand()`
- `gate-buf()`
- `gate-not()`
- `gate-or()`
- `gate-nor()`
- `gate-xor()`
- `gate-xnor()`

3.5.1 gate

Draws a logic gate. This function is also available as `element.gate()`

Parameters

```
gate(
    draw-shape: function,
    x: number | dictionary,
    y: number | dictionary,
    w: number,
    h: number,
    inputs: int,
    fill: none | color,
    stroke: stroke,
    id: str,
    inverted: str | array,
    inverted-radius: number,
    debug: dictionary
)
```

draw-shape `function`

see [elmt\(\)](#)

Default: `default-draw-shape`

x `number` or `dictionary`

see [elmt\(\)](#)

Default: `none`

y `number` or `dictionary`

see [elmt\(\)](#)

Default: `none`

w numbersee [elmt\(\)](#)Default: `none`**h** numbersee [elmt\(\)](#)Default: `none`**inputs** int

The number of inputs

Default: `2`**fill** none or colorsee [elmt\(\)](#)Default: `none`**stroke** strokesee [elmt\(\)](#)Default: `black + 1pt`**id** strsee [elmt\(\)](#)Default: `""`**inverted** str or array

Either “all” or an array of port ids to display as inverted

Default: `()`**inverted-radius** number

The radius of inverted ports dot

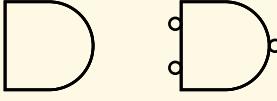
Default: `0.1`

```
debug    dictionary
see elmt\(\)
Default: (
    ports: false
)
```

3.5.2 gate-and

Draws an AND gate. This function is also available as `element.gate-and()`

For parameters, see [gate\(\)](#)



```
gates.gate-and(x: 0, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5)
gates.gate-and(x: 3, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5, inverted: "all")
```

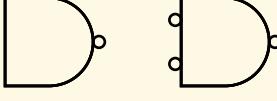
Parameters

```
gate-and(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    inputs,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    inverted,
    debug
)
```

3.5.3 gate-nand

Draws an NAND gate. This function is also available as `element.gate-nand()`

For parameters, see [gate\(\)](#)



```
gates.gate-nand(x: 0, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5)
gates.gate-nand(x: 3, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5, inverted: "all")
```

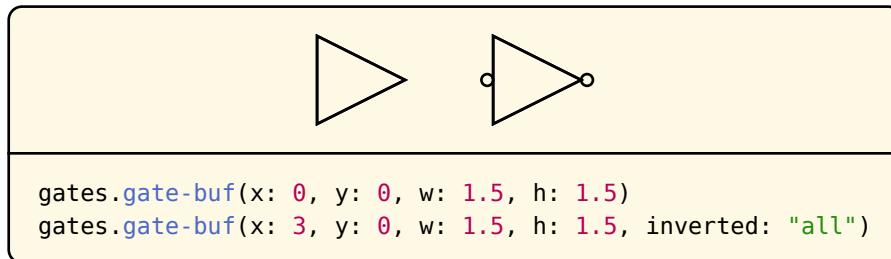
Parameters

```
gate-nand(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    inputs,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    inverted,
    debug
)
```

3.5.4 gate-buf

Draws a buffer gate. This function is also available as `element.gate-buf()`

For parameters, see [gate\(\)](#)

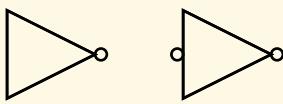
**Parameters**

```
gate-buf(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    inputs,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    inverted,
    debug
)
```

3.5.5 gate-not

Draws a NOT gate. This function is also available as `element.gate-not()`

For parameters, see [gate\(\)](#)



```
gates.gate-not(x: 0, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5)
gates.gate-not(x: 3, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5, inverted: "all")
```

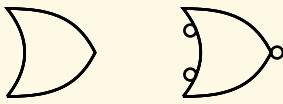
Parameters

```
gate-not(
  x,
  y,
  w,
  h,
  inputs,
  fill,
  stroke,
  id,
  inverted,
  debug
)
```

3.5.6 gate-or

Draws an OR gate. This function is also available as `element.gate-or()`

For parameters, see [gate\(\)](#)



```
gates.gate-or(x: 0, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5)
gates.gate-or(x: 3, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5, inverted: "all")
```

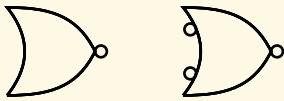
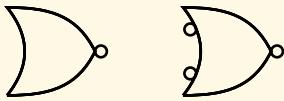
Parameters

```
gate-or(
  x,
  y,
  w,
  h,
  inputs,
  fill,
  stroke,
  id,
  inverted,
  debug
)
```

3.5.7 gate-nor

Draws a NOR gate. This function is also available as `element.gate-nor()`

For parameters, see [gate\(\)](#)



```
gates.gate-nor(x: 0, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5)
gates.gate-nor(x: 3, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5, inverted: "all")
```

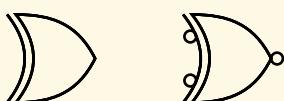
Parameters

```
gate-nor(
  x,
  y,
  w,
  h,
  inputs,
  fill,
  stroke,
  id,
  inverted,
  debug
)
```

3.5.8 gate-xor

Draws a XOR gate. This function is also available as `element.gate-xor()`

For parameters, see [gate\(\)](#)



```
gates.gate-xor(x: 0, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5)
gates.gate-xor(x: 3, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5, inverted: "all")
```

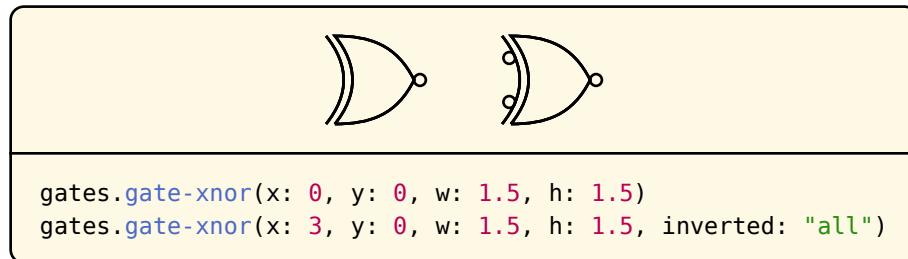
Parameters

```
gate-xor(  
    x,  
    y,  
    w,  
    h,  
    inputs,  
    fill,  
    stroke,  
    id,  
    inverted,  
    debug  
)
```

3.5.9 gate-xnor

Draws a XNOR gate. This function is also available as `element.gate-xnor()`

For parameters, see [gate\(\)](#)

**Parameters**

```
gate-xnor(  
    x,  
    y,  
    w,  
    h,  
    inputs,  
    fill,  
    stroke,  
    id,  
    inverted,  
    debug  
)
```